

Drug Use Data as a Basis for Drug Policy and Action Planning

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Presentation Outline

- Part I Selected alcohol data and related actions
- Part II Selected **illicit substances** data and related actions



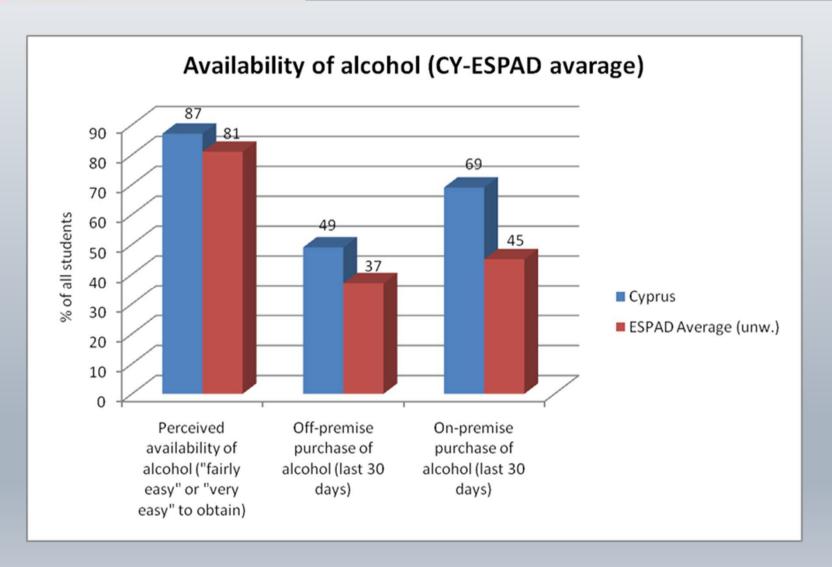
Part I – Selected alcohol data and related actions

OUTLINE

- Selected Data
- Pilot "Mystery Shopping" Study
- Action Plan 2013-2016

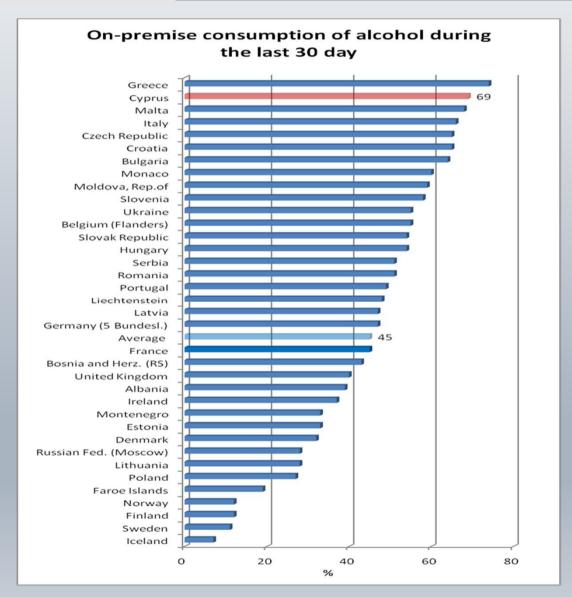


Cyprus Data (ESPAD, 2011)



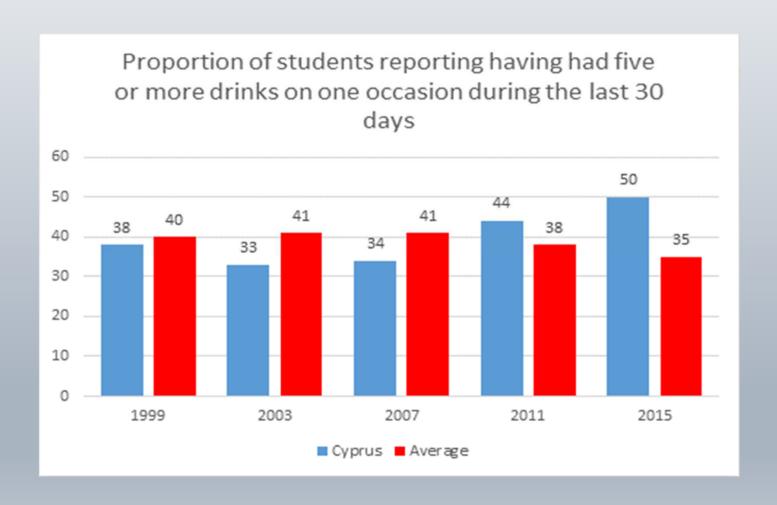


Cyprus Data (ESPAD, 2011)



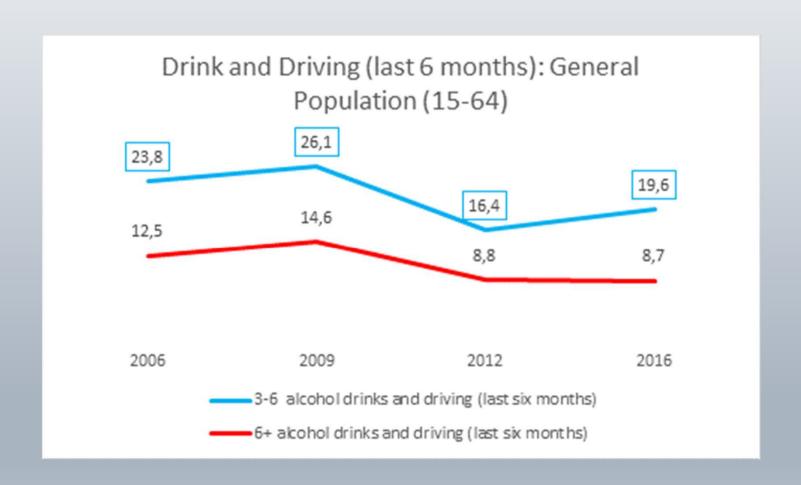


Cyprus Data (ESPAD, 2015)





Cyprus Data (GPS, 2016)





- Phase I: Mystery shopping

 attempts: Pseudo-under-age
 (younger looking) mystery
 shoppers in the field
- ➤ Phase II: <u>Training</u> personnel for responsible alcohol selling/serving





Phase I – Shopping visits

• From 7-25 April 2015 in 12 municipalities in Nicosia and Limassol

Types of settings:

- Mini marketsSupermarkets
- Restaurants
 Bars
 Clubs
 Cafés

Sample selection:

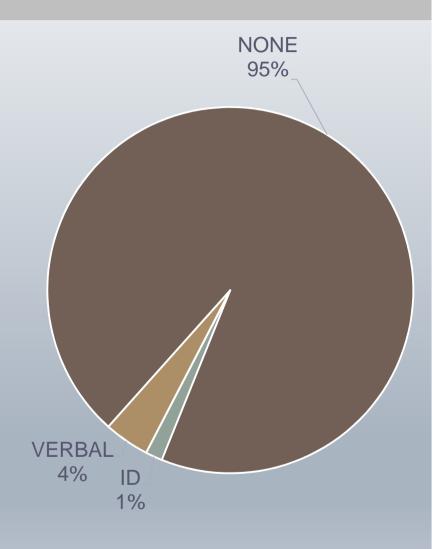
- Random & based on popularity
- Total visits: 200 (100 per city)
- Repeated visits: 40 (20 per city)
- Different days and hours depending on type of setting





Responses:

- ID age verification (f = 3)
- Verbal verification (f = 8)
- No verification (f = 189)
- Nicosia: only 1 (ID, male shopper, cafeteria, morning hours)
- Limassol: 10 responses
 - ID in 2 settings: 1 male, club, late night
 & 1 female, restaurant, evening
 - Verbal in 8 settings (including 1 club repeated visit):
 - 5 male, 3 female
 - 4 at a bar, 4 at a club
 - 2 in the evening, 6 late at night





Phase II – Dissemination of Results & **Training**

- Presentation of results to stakeholders (premise owners, Police, municipalities, health care professionals, alcohol industry, etc)
- Booklet with information on alcohol related harm and practices for responsible sales/serving (Cyprus Anti-Drugs Council, 2015)
- Training Program for Responsible Sales and Serving (University of Cyprus & Cyprus Anti-Drugs Council, in five regions, 2016)





Goal: Reduction of drink driving incidents

Actions:

- Reduction of BrAC limit to 0.09 μg/ml for novice drivers, professional drivers, motorists and cyclists
- Systematic breath testing by Road Traffic Police
- Campaigns on public holidays
- Stricter penalties and fines for repeat offenders



Goal: Reduction of **accessibility and availability** of alcohol for vulnerable groups

Actions:

- Monitoring the licensing system to regulate alcohol production
- Stricter enforcement of current legislation
- Revision of legislation
 - Provisions for personnel training on responsible selling and serving
 - Clear age verification system
 - Stricter sanctions
 - Annual publication of non-compliant cases
 - Change legal age limit form 17 to 18



Goal: Reduction of alcohol **consumption** among young people and prevention of heavy drinking

Actions

- Enforcement of taxation system for alcoholic beverages based on alcohol type and volume
- Systematic enforcement of tax legislation and controls at borders to minimize illegal trade



Further Actions

- Alcohol Awareness Week (every third week of October, implemented since 2013)
- Formal commitment by the State & related stakeholders in the private and voluntary sector
- Parliamentary discussions
- Friendly Alco test nights
- Seminars with Bartenders Association on responsible sale/serving
- Production of TV spots to raise awareness



Part II – Selected illicit drugs data and related actions

OUTLINE

- Data on cannabis use from the General Population Survey
- Action Plan 2013-2016 Prevention Pillar, Goals & Actions



Cyprus data (GPS 2016)

Drug use among **young men** much higher than in the general population:

- 20% of young males 15-24 years of age reported lifetime use of cannabis, compared to 12% in the total population (GPS, 2016)
- 20,7% tried cannabis at age 15-17 years (GPS, 2016)
- 61.6% started cannabis use between 18-24 years (GPS, 2016)
- Enrolment in military service is compulsory in Cyprus for all males after completing their secondary education



Goal A: Support of **vulnerable groups** in order to prevent the use of illicit and licit substances and the provision of programs in areas of high risk

Actions:

 Provision of leisure time activities to soldiers in the National Guard



Goal B: Develop actions aimed at creating deterrent environments in regards to the use of illicit and licit substances (environmental prevention)

Actions:

- Improving living conditions in selected guardhouses of the National Guard
- Conducting systematic testing for drug use in the National Guard, for security reasons
- Promotion of measures to support enforcement of legislation for a total ban on smoking in the National Guard



Goal C: Universal prevention to support goals A & B *Actions:*

- Promoting online services aimed at providing information, support and referral to appropriate services
- Dissemination of information to young people about the dangers of excessive alcohol consumption and consumption of alcoholic energy drinks
- Support to the new curriculum "Health Education" of the Ministry of Education and Culture, focusing on prevention
- Dissemination of best practices on prevention
- Integration of subjects related to health promotion and drug addiction in the curricula of health professionals, professionals of social welfare and educational professionals



Thank you for your attention...